

## Illness and Exclusion Policy

Beckside Preschool & Nursery aims to promote a healthy environment, good health and to take the necessary steps to prevent the spread of infection for the children in our care and we seek the co-operation of parents to help us implement this policy.

- If parents/carers notice their child becoming ill or infectious they must inform the setting and they must have regard to the exclusion list below.
- If your child becomes ill at the setting, his/her condition should be brought to the attention of one of the senior members of staff or the manager
- A decision is then taken based upon the symptoms, including any visible signs and the child's body temperature, as to whether you are immediately informed or whether continued monitoring of the child should occur
- Should a child's condition deteriorate, you will be contacted by a member of the team and actions will be agreed. This could include administering medicines or requesting collection of the child in order to reduce the risk of cross infection, for example in the case of vomiting or diarrhoea
- If a child becomes ill or infectious at the setting, every effort will be made to contact the parents/carers. It is essential therefore that the setting has up to date information in order to be able to contact the parents/carers during settings hours. If the parent/carer cannot be contacted, setting staff will endeavor to contact the other named contacts on the child's record
- If the setting is unable to contact a parent/carer or other named contact, Beckside Preschool & Nursery reserves the right to take the child to a general practitioner or hospital in an emergency. Parents/carers will be required to give signed consent for this procedure on registering their child at the setting.
- If a child becomes unwell while in our care, with consent from the parent, we can administer Calpol (which we try to keep in stock for the setting) to help bring a child's temperature down and until the parent arrives. Calpol will only be administered if the parent is on the way to collect their child, for example the parent will arrive within 30 minutes of the phone call wherever possible or they will arrange for someone else to collect their child if they are not able to come within that time. If someone not known to the setting is collecting the child, please share your password with them.

## Notification of exposure to infectious diseases

Illness/Infectious Diseases	Period of Exclusion
Chicken pox/shingles	5 days after the onset of the rash and all lesions have
	crusted over
Conjunctivitis	None
COVID-19	For children and young people aged 18 and under who test positive for COVID-19, the advice is to try to stay at home and avoid contact with other people for <b>three days</b> . This is because children and young people tend to be infectious to other people for less time than adults.
Diarrhoea and/or vomiting	Children should be excluded from the setting until their symptoms have stopped and until 48 hours after the last episode of diarrhoea or vomiting. If a particular cause of the diarrhea and vomiting is identified, there may be additional exclusion advice, for example E. coli STEC and hep A.
Temperatures	Babies and children with a high temperature should not attend the setting for 24 hours following a temperature
<u>High temperature (fever) in children -</u>	and until they feel well and no longer have a high
NHS (www.nhs.uk)	temperature. A high temperature is 38C or more. A normal temperature in babies and children is about
	36.4C but this can vary from child to child.
*Baby teething symptoms - NHS	30.40 but this carr vary from child to child.
(www.nhs.uk)	*Children who are teething may have a <b>mild temperature of less than 38C</b> and are not excluded if they are teething.
Flu	Until recovered
Glandular fever	There is no benefit in keeping children or staff off once they feel well enough to attend
Hand, foot and mouth disease	There is no exclusion. However, if the child is unwell they should stay at home. If we have an outbreak in the setting (3 or more cases) children who have a diagnosis of hand foot and mouth disease will be excluded from the setting until the lesions have scabbed over and the child is feeling better.
Head lice	None. Treatment is only required if live lice are seen in the hair (not nits (eggs)).
Hepatitis	Hep A- Until 7 days after the onset of jaundice or symptom onset if no jaundice Hep B-none Hep C-none
HIV / Aids	Should not be restricted or excluded
Impetigo	Until lesions are crusted or healed, or 48 hours after starting antibiotic treatment. Until 48 hours after the start of treatment

	or until the lesions have crusted over
Measles, mumps and rubella	Measles- yes, until 5 days after the onset of the rash
Modeles, mamps and rubella	and recovered
	Mumps-the child should be excluded for 5 days after
	the onset of swelling
	Rubella- for 5 days after onset of the rash
Meningitis	Children will be too ill to attend and there is no need to
Morningillo	exclude siblings or other close contacts. Until recovered
Molluscum contagiosum	None
MRSA	None
Pharyngitis/tonsillitis	If the disease is known to be caused by streptococcal
	(bacterial) infection the child or member of staff should
	be kept away from the setting until 24 hours after the
	start of treatment. Otherwise, they should stay at home
	while they feel unwell.
Rashes	A child who is unwell and has a rash should visit their
	GP to establish the reason for it.
Ringworm (Tinea)	Children need not be excluded but spread can be
	prevented by good personal hygiene, regular hand
	washing and use of separate towels and toilet articles.
	Parents should be encouraged to seek treatment.
Scarlet fever / Scarletina	Excluded until 24 hours after starting antibiotic treatment.
	Individuals who decline treatment with antibiotics should be
	excluded until resolution of symptoms.
Slapped cheek syndrome (Erythema Infectiosum/fifth	None was rash has developed. Pregnant contacts of case
disease)	should consult with their GP or midwife.
Scabies	Child can return after first treatment
Strep A infection	Children should stay away from the setting for 24 hours
	after starting antibiotic treatment
Tonsilitis	None. There are many causes, but most cases are due to
	viruses and do not need or respond to an antibiotic
Typhoid power whold (outside force)	treatment. See above if Strep A infection
Typhoid, paratyphoid (enteric fever)	Yes, an infected child is likely to be very ill and whilst
Tub areulasia (TD)	infectious unable to attend the setting.
Tuberculosis (TB)	Always consult your local HPT before giving info to staff
Verrucae and warts	None
Whooping cough (Pertussis)	2 days from starting antibiotics or 21 days from onset of
Thus and warmens	symptoms if no antibiotics
Thread worms	None. Treatment recommended for child and household.

We will actively promote the use of the "Catch it, bin it, and kill it" initiative to teach children about good hygiene practices.

We will do this by promoting:

- The use of tissues for coughs and colds
- Access to bins to dispose of used tissues
- Hand washing in warm soapy water immediately, before eating or preparing food and after toileting.

## Notification of exposure to infectious diseases

Please note this list is not exhaustive but contains the most common exclusions. Parents should always seek advice from their GP or Accident and Emergency Department regarding the specific symptoms of their child.

When to use NHS 111 online or call 111 - NHS (www.nhs.uk)

If we have reason to believe that any child is suffering from a notifiable disease identified as such in the Public Health (Infection Diseases) Regulations 1988, we will inform the East Midlands Health Protection Team. We will act on any advice given by them and inform Ofsted of any action taken. A list of notifiable diseases can be found at: <a href="https://www.hpa.org.uk">www.hpa.org.uk</a>.

East Midlands HPT

UK Health Security Agency Seaton House City Link Nottingham NG2 4LA

Telephone 0344 2254 524 (option 1)

Out of hours advice 0344 2254 524

This policy has been adopted by Beckside Pre-School & Nursery

Date: December 2023

Review Date: December 2024